

ATRIUM - Architecting Under Uncertainty



Naveen Mohan et al.;

5th Scandinavian Conference on SYSTEM & SOFTWARE SAFETY



Who am I? My “Priors”

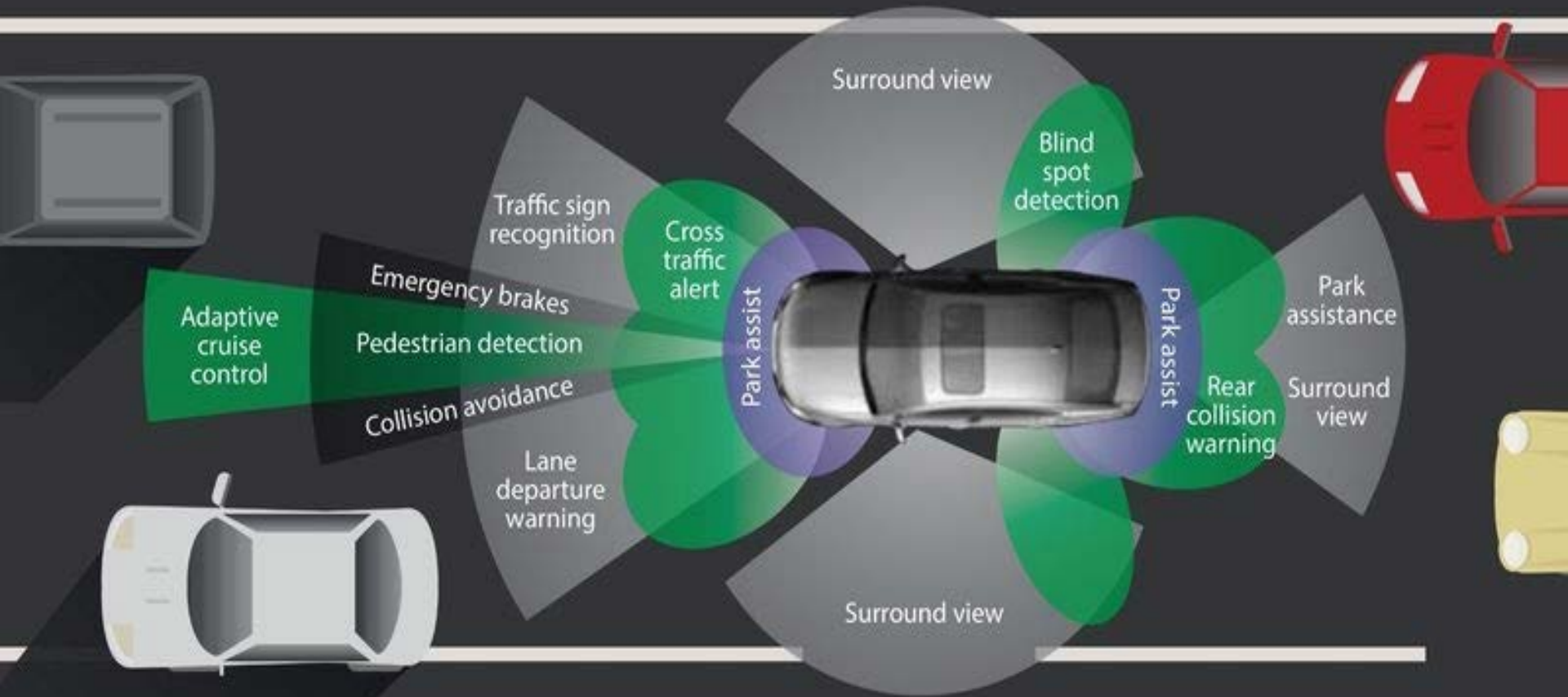
- 1 year; Defence Industry; Communication, Networks
- 3 years; **Volvo Cars/ QRTECH;** SW/ System Designer
- The ARCHEr project
- PhD candidate at Mechatronics, KTH and Scania CV;



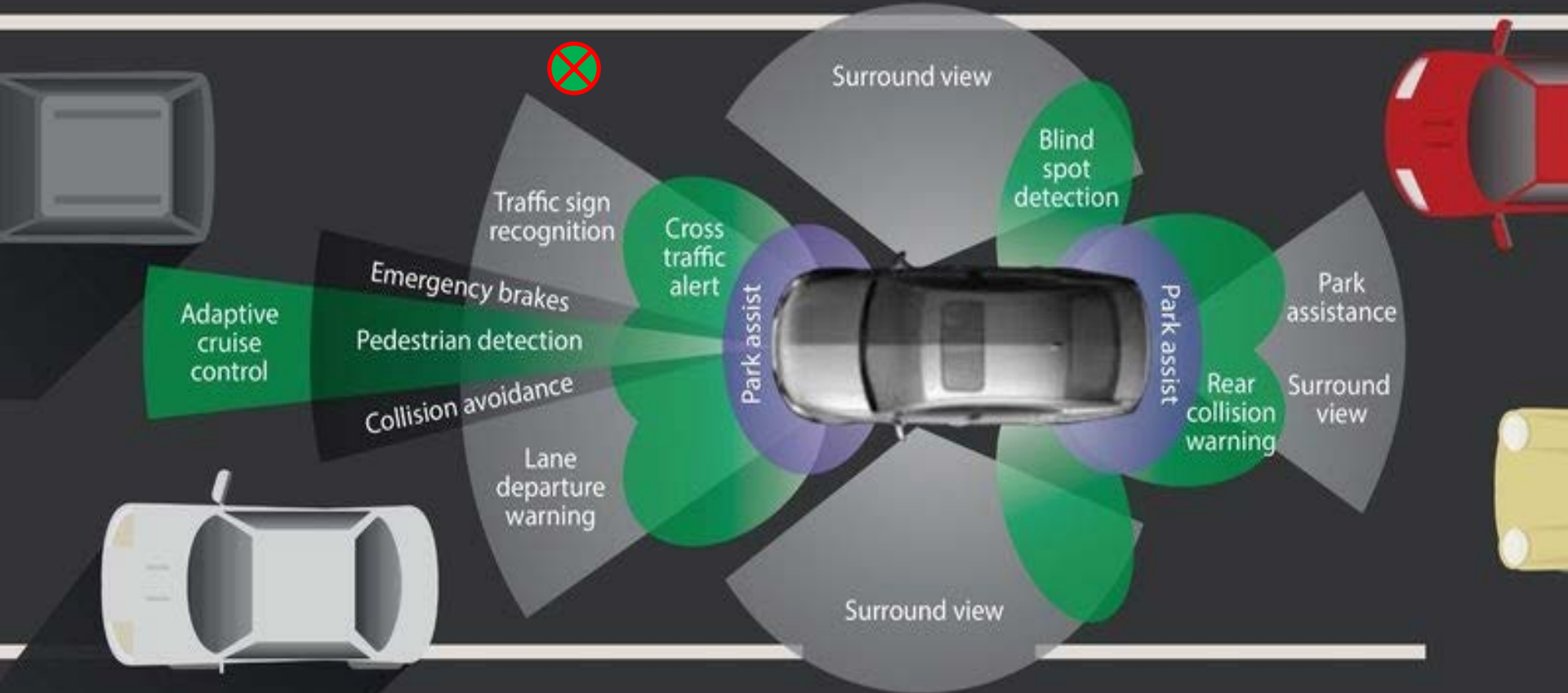
Introduction to automotive architecting

i.e. What does ATRIUM help with?

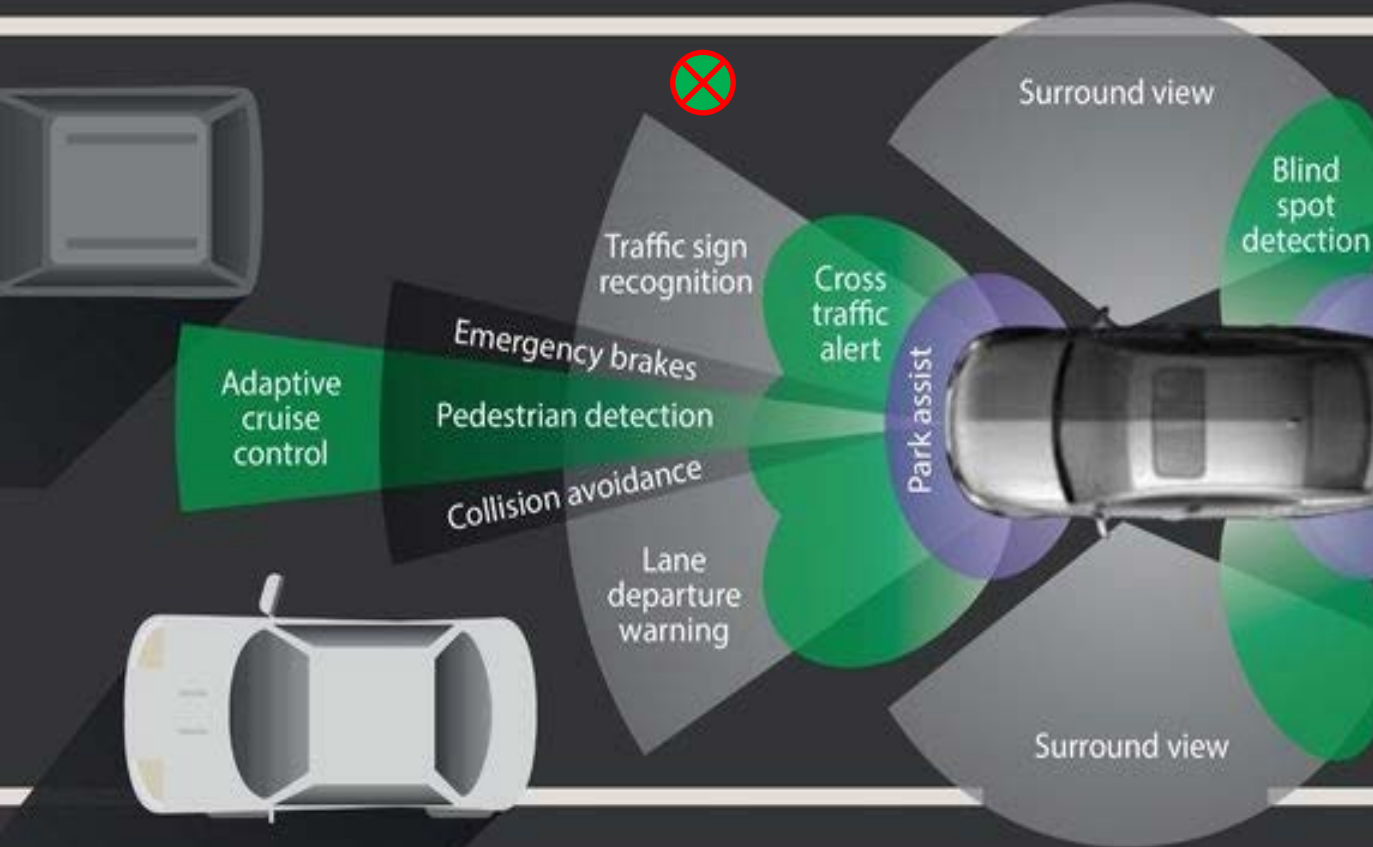
Architects make safety critical decisions every day!



How would you enable automation in this platform?



How would you enable automation in this platform?



- Type of sensor?
- “smartness”
- Reliance on other functions?
- Failure modes?
- Redundancy?
- Design diversity?

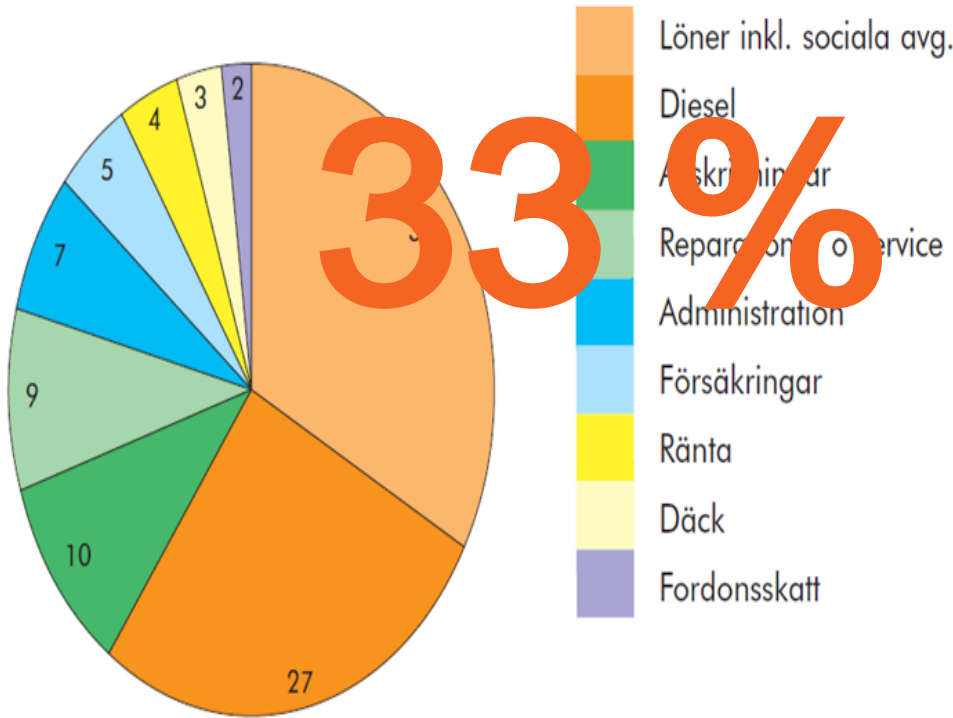
- Reliability?
- Cost?
- Aftermarket repairs?

ATRIUM provides

- a framework to systematically trace decisions to assumptions and uncertain information
- a work product required by the ISO 26262
- Rationale management and traceability

Why autonomy: Heavy Commercial Vehicles

Fjärrbilssektorn, 12 000 mil/år

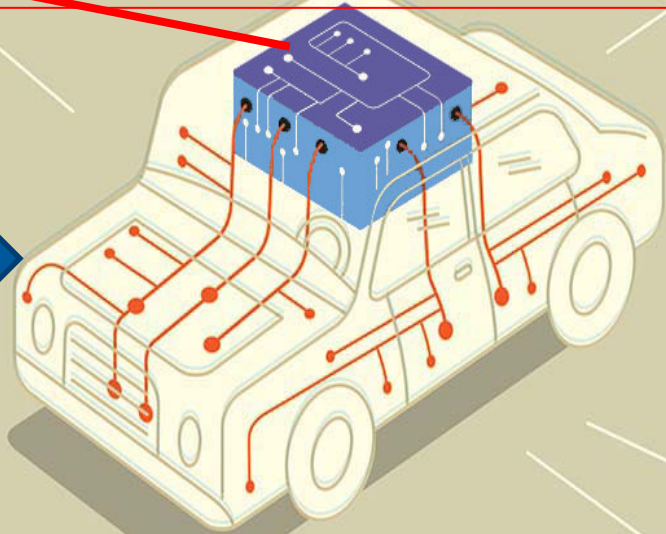


- **Logistics.**
Trucks currently limited in speed.
- **Environmental.**
Air resistance – convoing - Fuel savings
- **Chauffer related.**
Shortage of qualified drivers
Truck driver >30% in cost
- **Simplification (eventual)**
Stressful job and environment regulations to help drivers
Design to help the driver: ergonomics,
- **New business models**
possible if “C” drivers license is not essential. Lower cost of entry for more people.

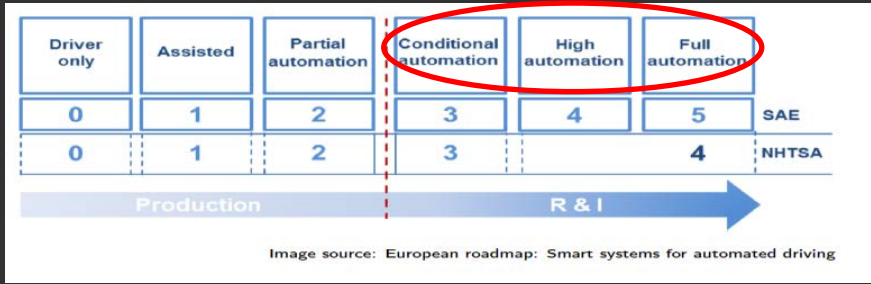
What we are trying to do?



ADI – Autonomous Driving Intelligence



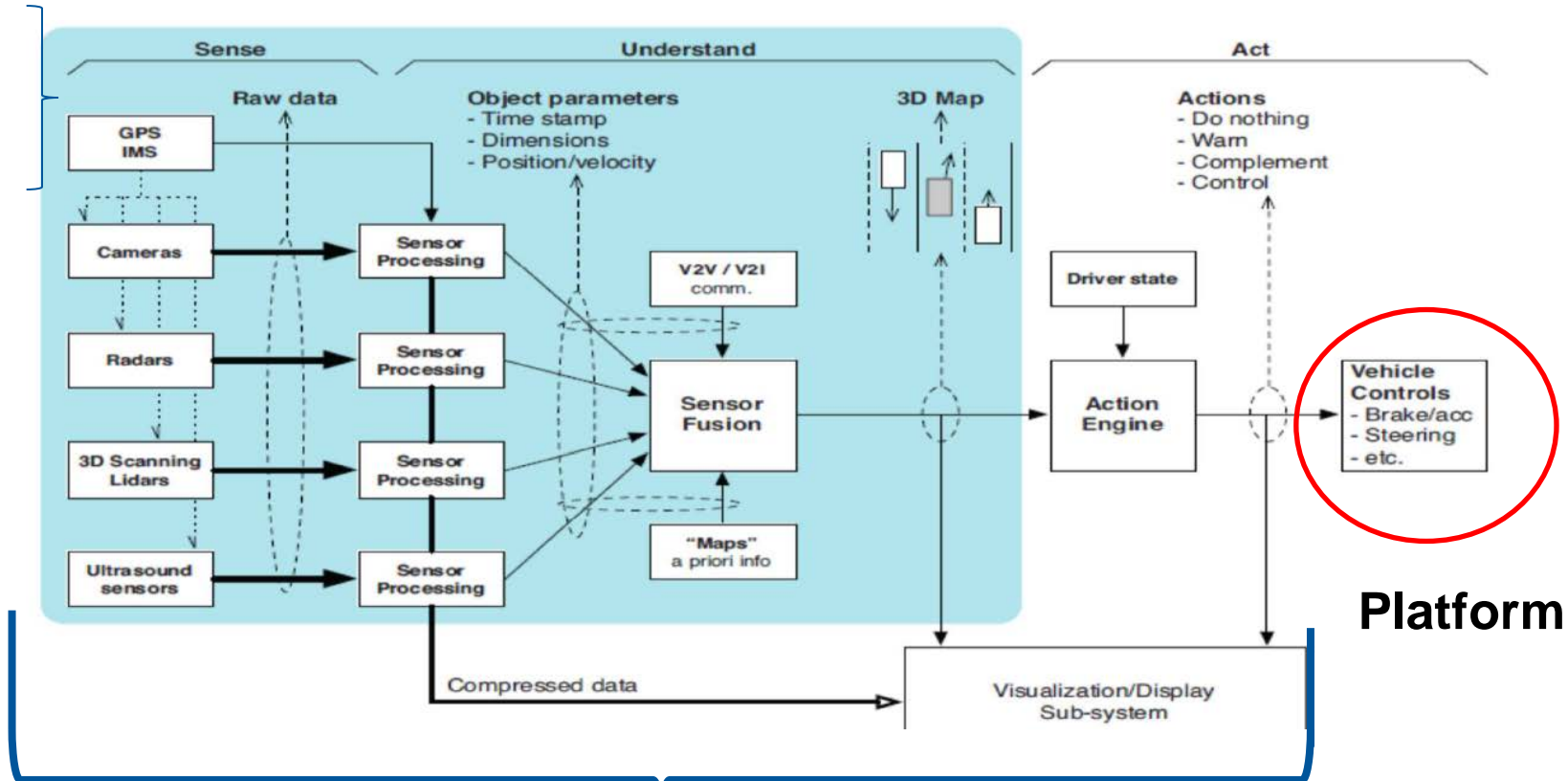
SAE L4 and L5



Human influences in automotive systems design

- Sensitive, critical
- The ultimate fallback
- A simple warning away
- Detectability vs robustness

Legacy: Boon or Bane?



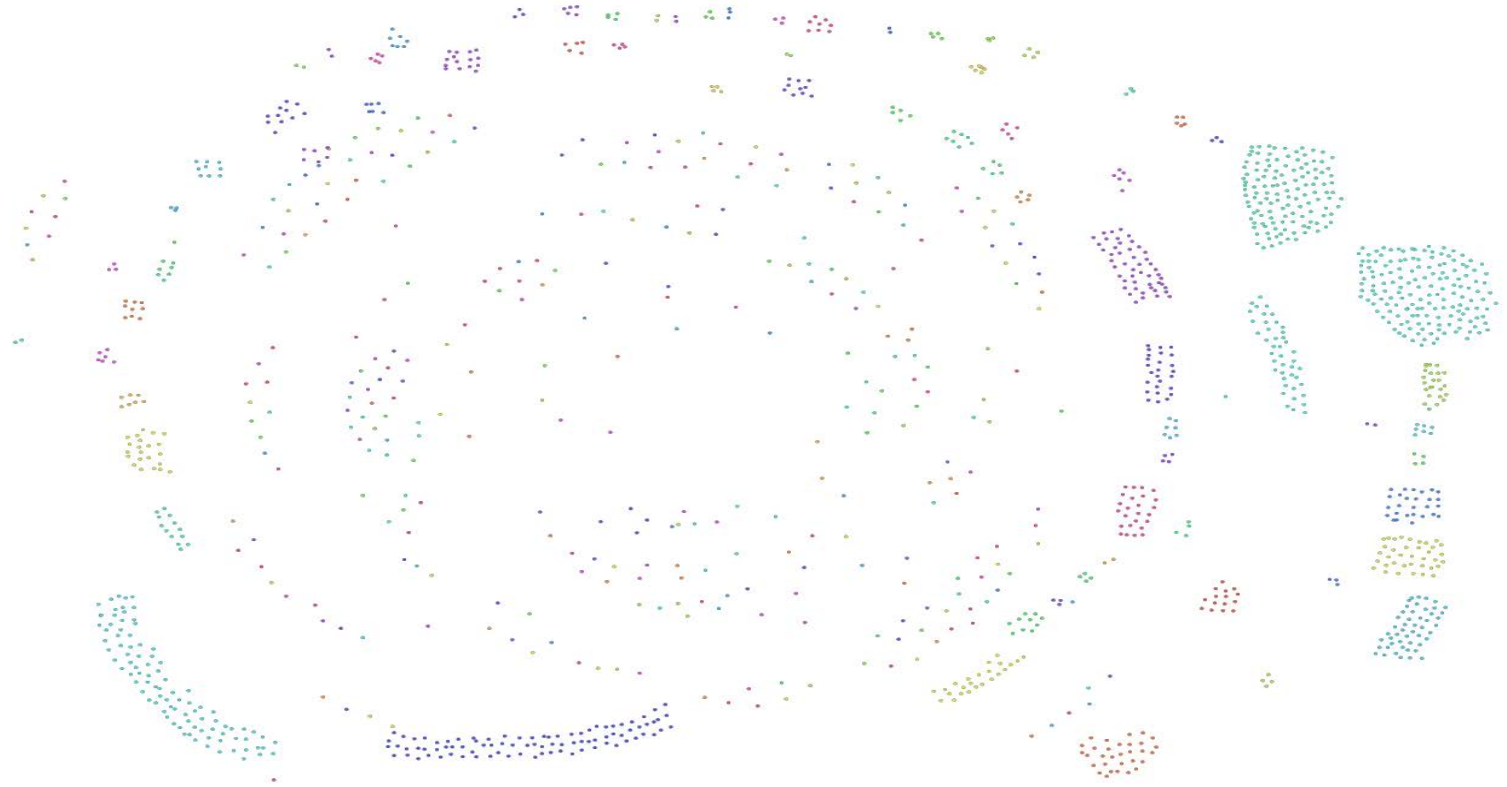
Platform

Source: AutoDrive project consortium

ADI

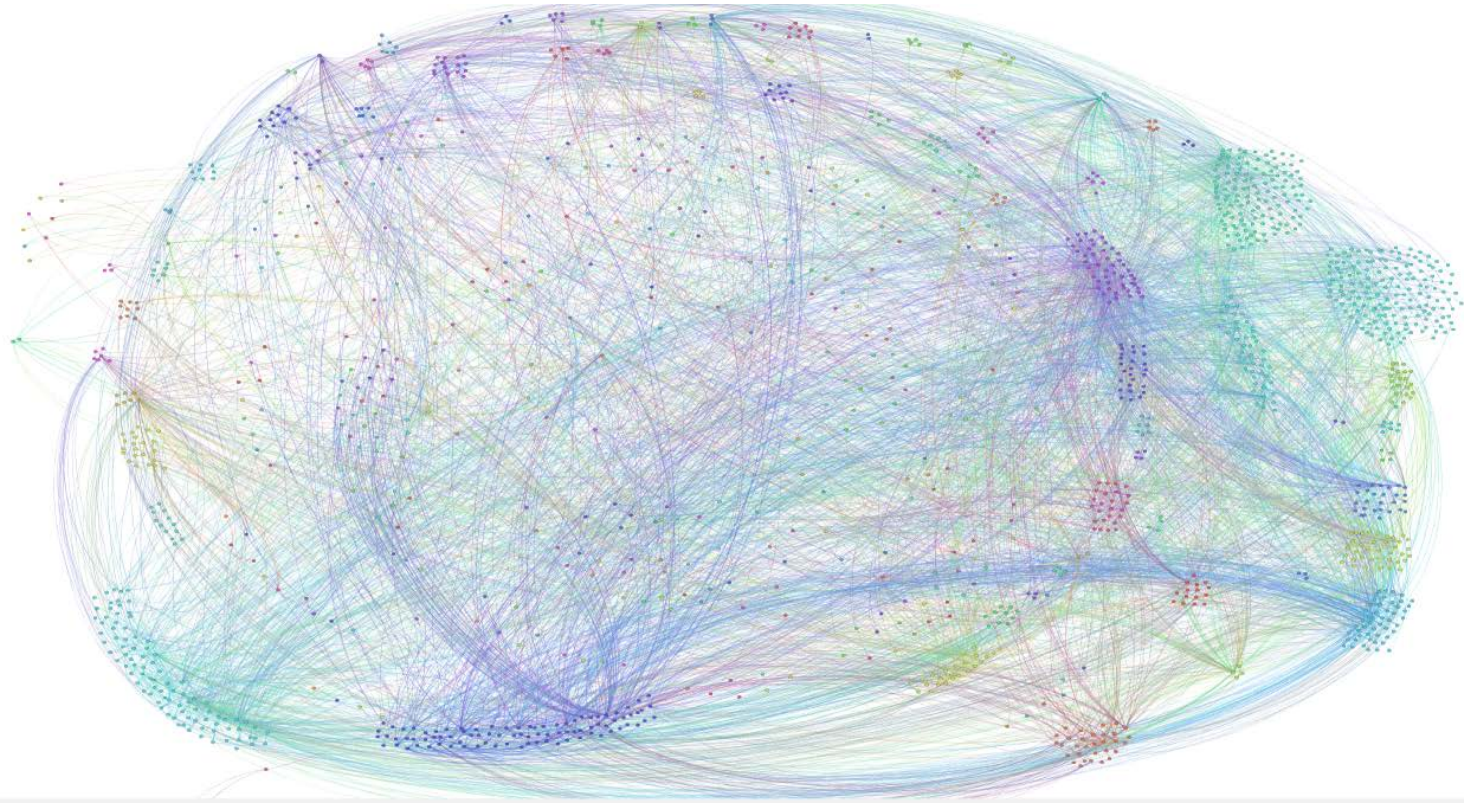
1500 logical nodes

100,000 Vehicles



A Scania **production vehicle** from **2013**

14000 connections

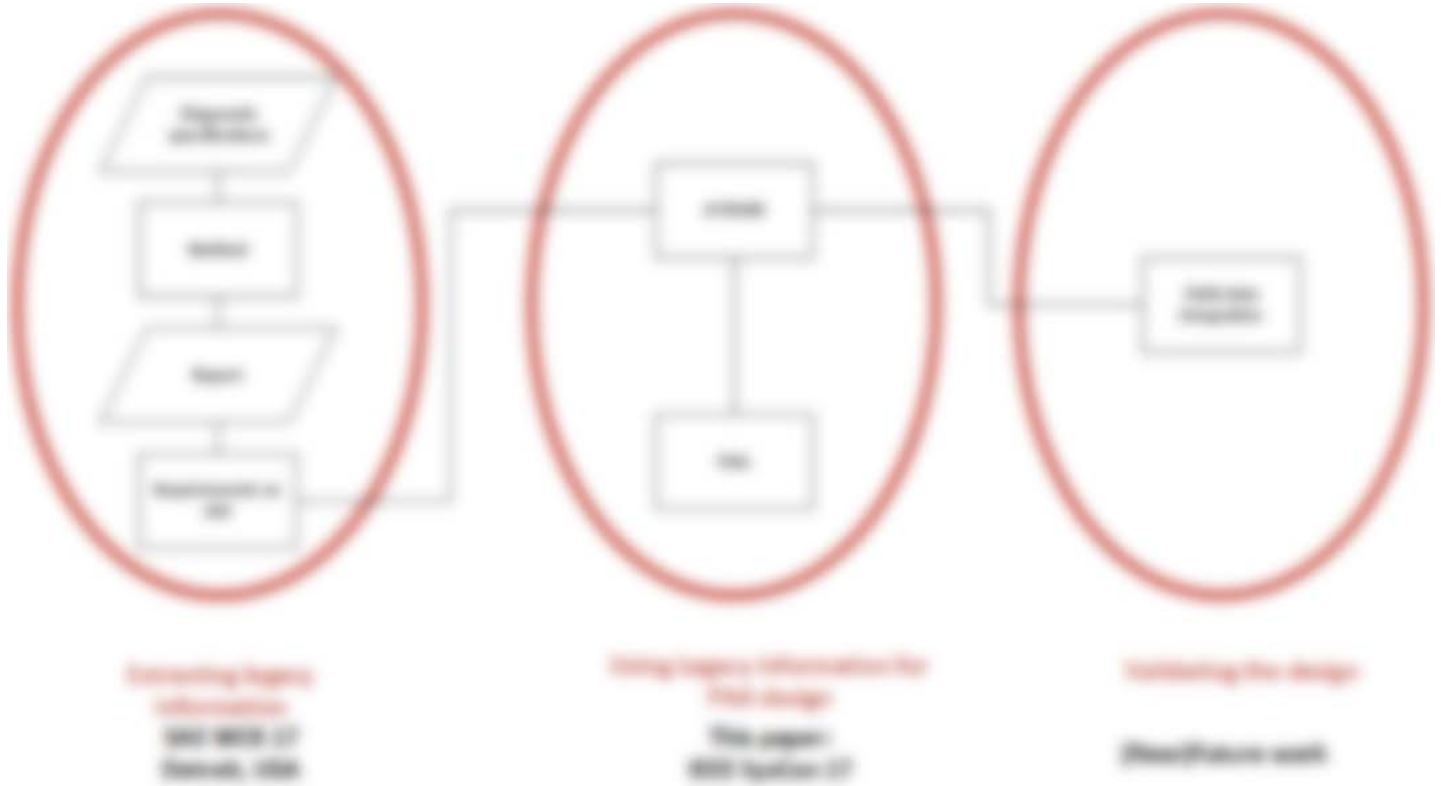


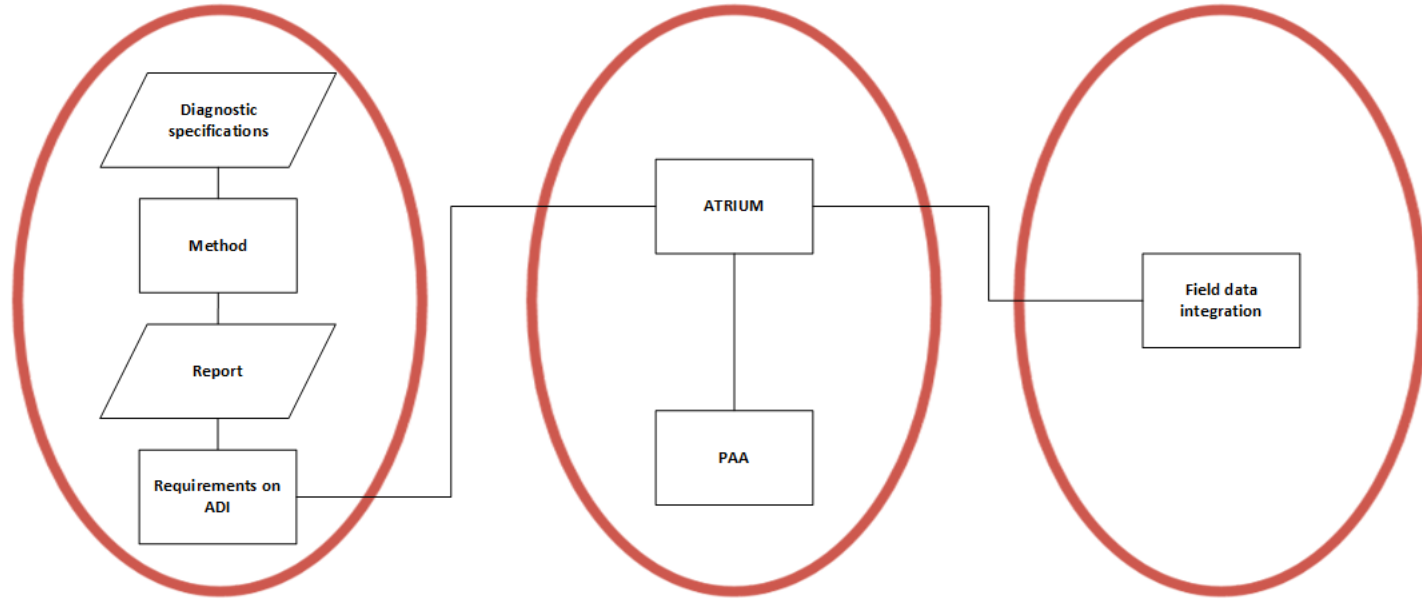
A Scania **production vehicle** from **2013**

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What should an architect do?

How do we(Scania) plan to deal with the increased complexity?

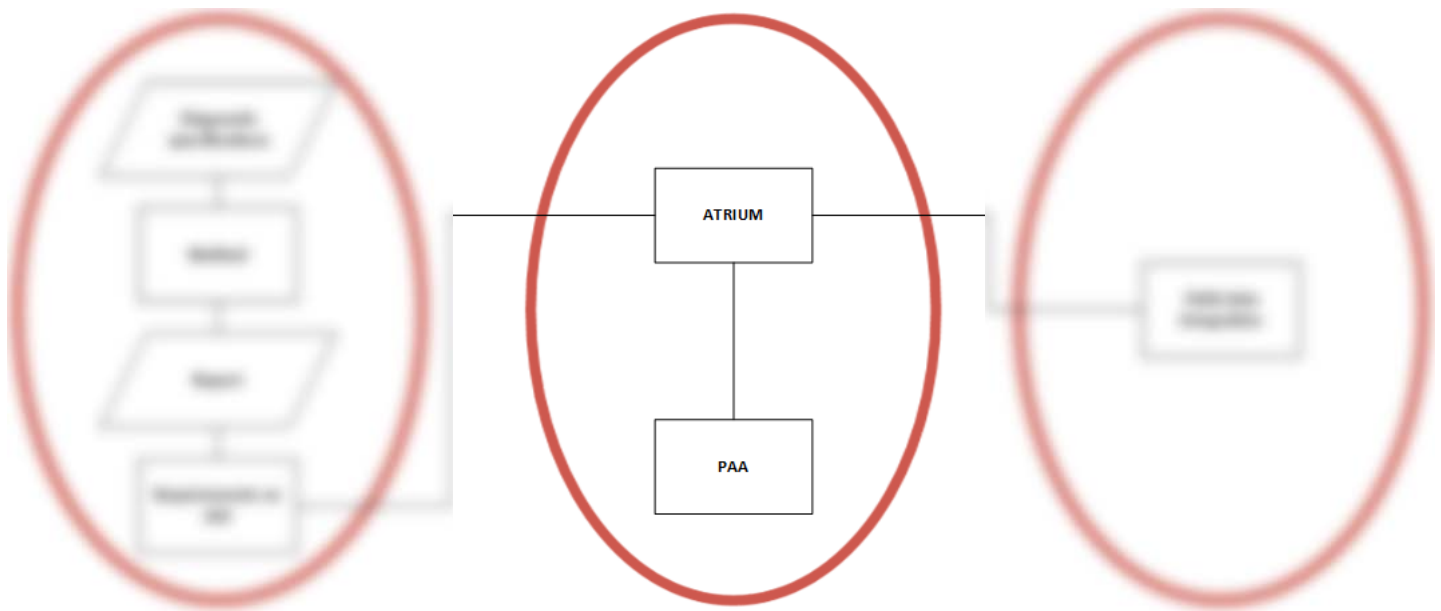




**Extracting legacy
information**
SAE WCX 17
Detroit, USA

**Using Legacy information for
PAA design**
This paper:
IEEE SysCon 17

Validating the design
(Near)Future work

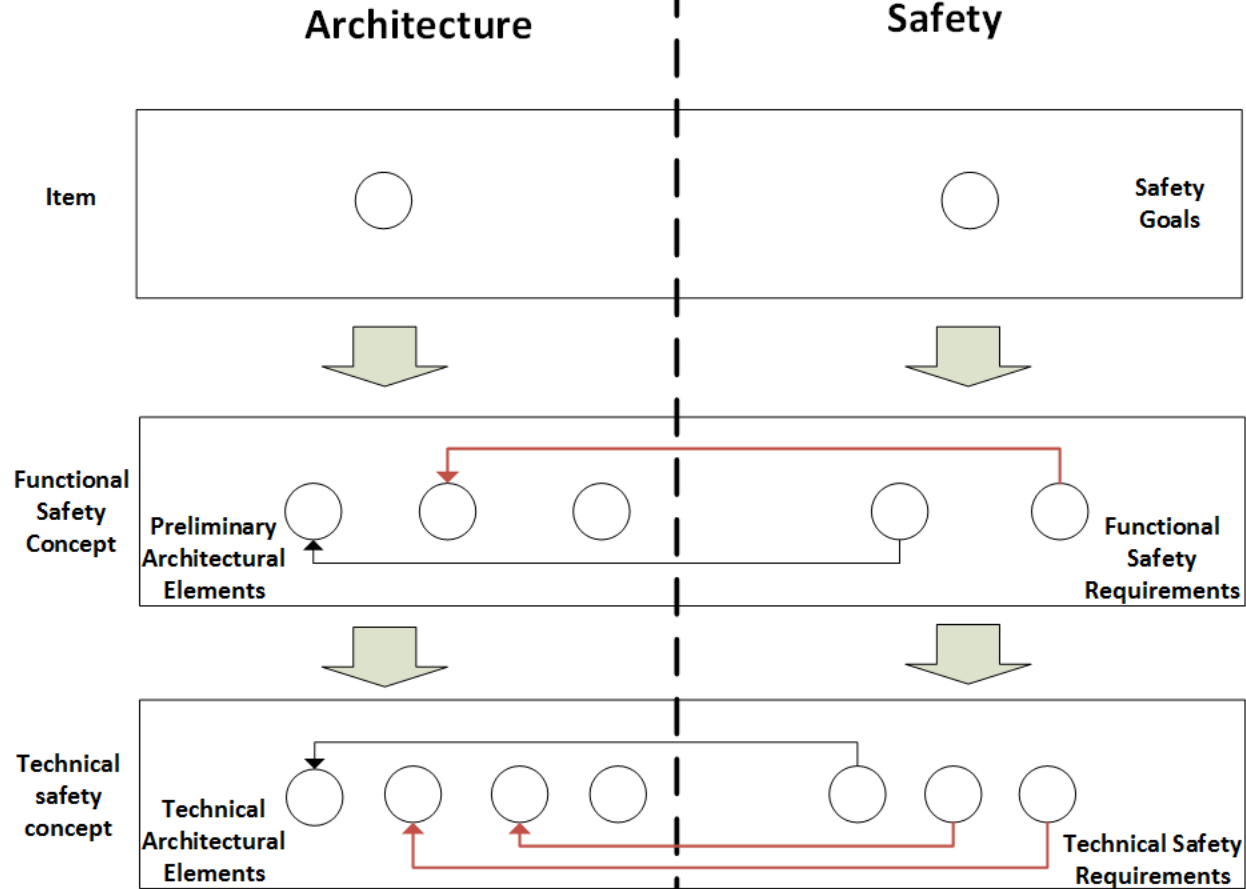


Using Legacy information for
PAA design

This paper:
IEEE SysCon 17

Architectural Refinement using Uncertainty Management - *ATRIUM*

Architecture and Safety are linked, and inseparable!



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And yet, so different

Contradicting viewpoints

Architecting and especially regarding automation =>
increase in complexity and more uncertainty
Safety requires more formalization to reduce burden on
argumentation

Uncertainty must be
explicitly managed.

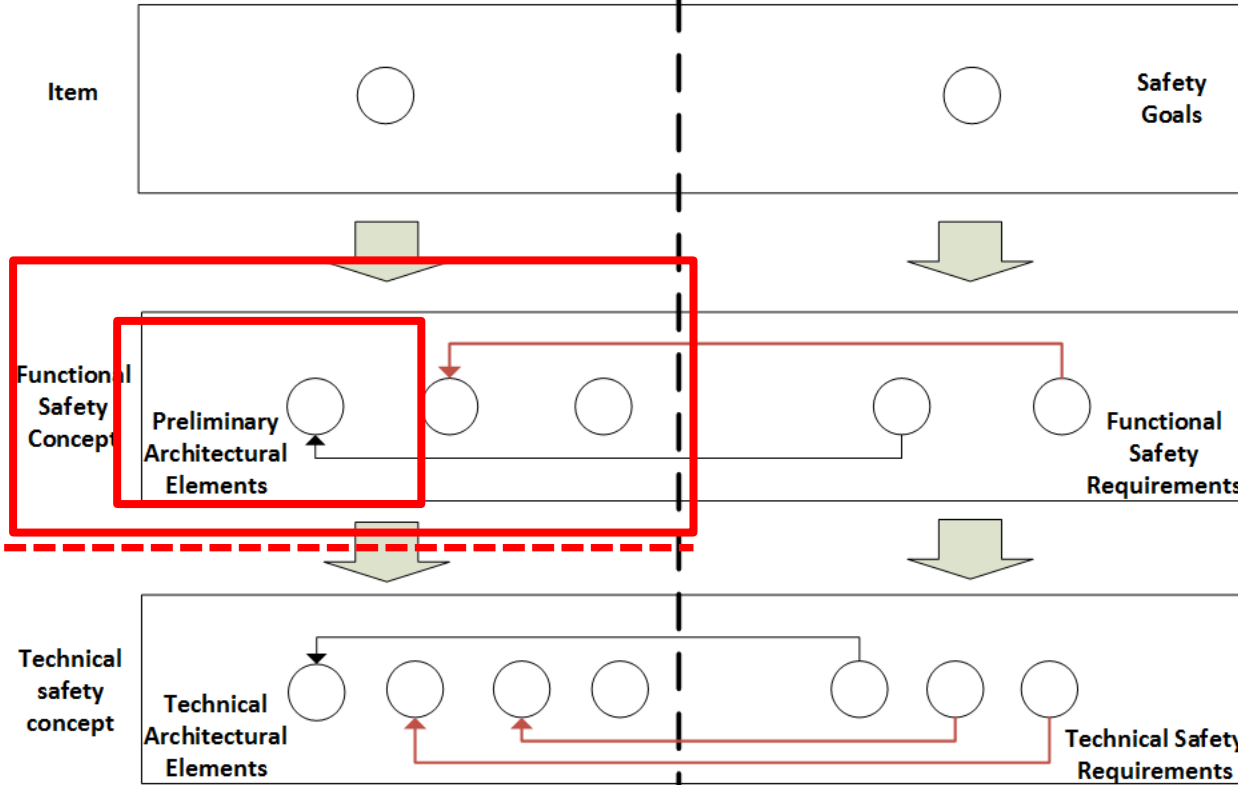
GOAL

Architecture

Safety

Architects

Safety Engineers

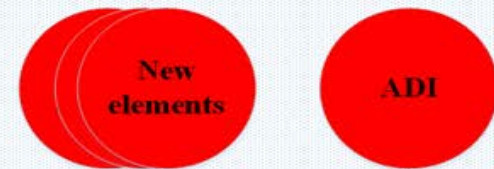
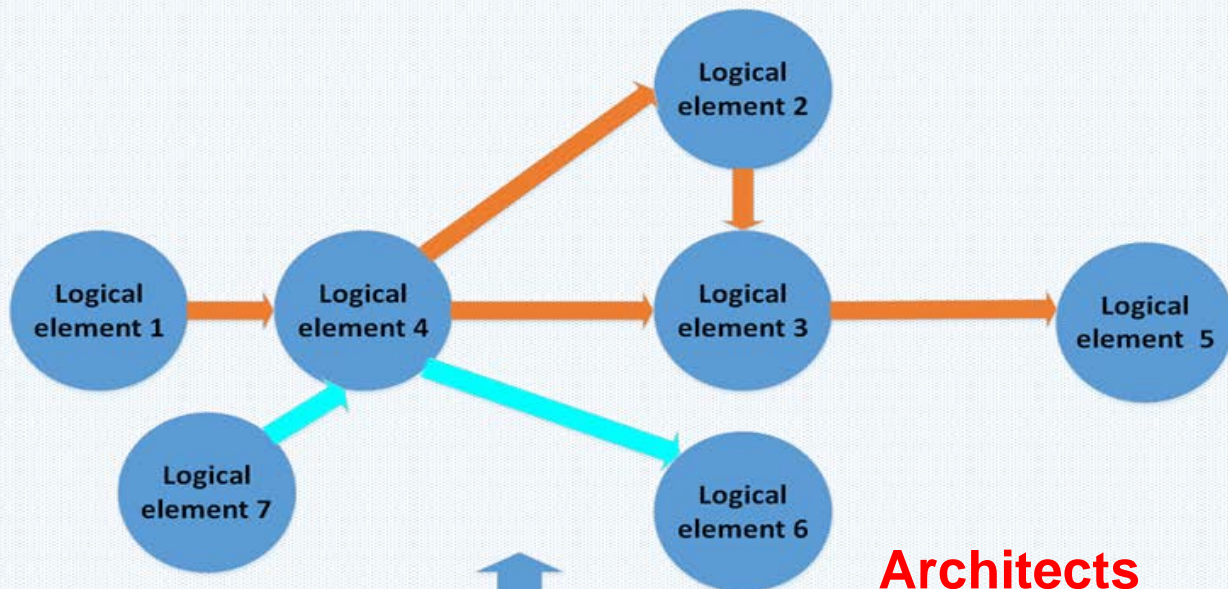


Domain Experts

Item boundary in functional domain

Existing elements

To be designed



Architects

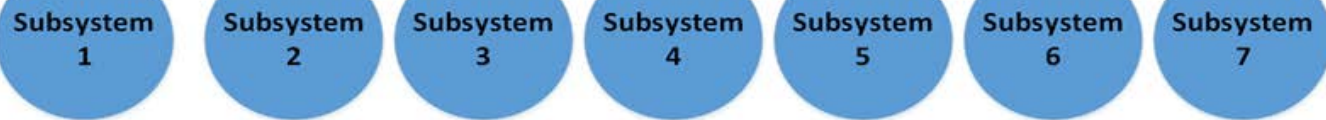
Domain Experts

PA modelled on platform elements

1-1 mapping

Existing platform elements

Gather information

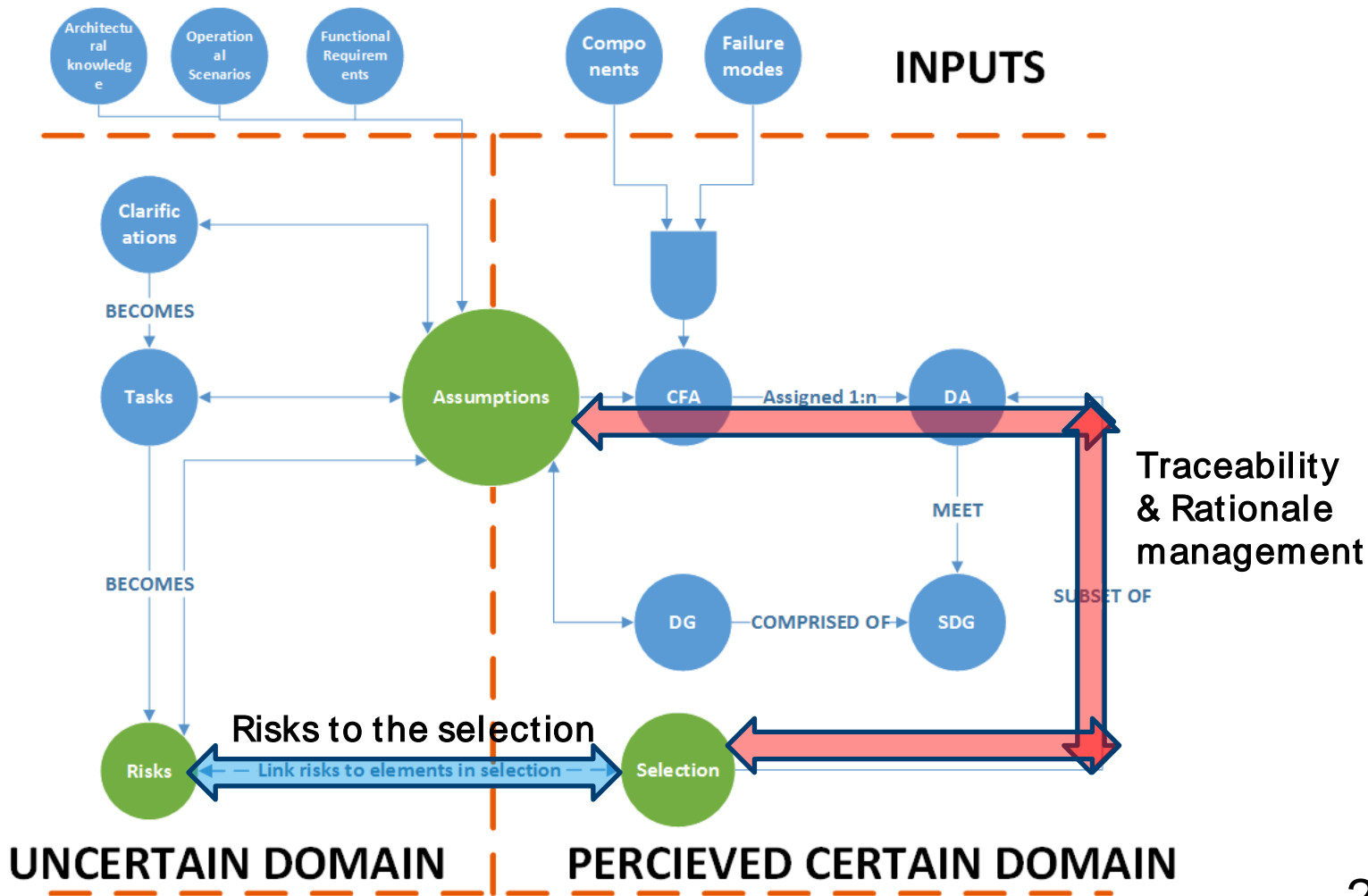


Scope and delimitations

- ATRIUM does not guarantee safety;
- Safety depends highly on usecases and functional requirements.

- ATRIUM does help extracting relevant information to help design the future architecture for *safety-critical systems*

L3...
L4?



What are the assumptions we should make?

How smart should your sensors be for safe L5 vehicles?

Billion miles of driving?

Fuses? Mechanical handovers? Out of scope for safety?

HD Maps:

What happens to the first car in the chain.

Delay to update.

Tactical safety vs operational safety. How would your safety case be designed?

**View on ATRIUM?
Practicalities in your domain?**

Limitations on actuators: where will the redundancy come from?!